



ST. ALOYSIUS COLLEGE(AUTONOMOUS), JABALPUR

Reaccredited 'A+' Grade by NAAC(CGPA:3.68/4.00)

College with Potential for Excellence by UGC

DST-FIST Supported & STAR College Scheme by DBT

Faculty of Arts

SUBJECT: ECONOMICS

M.A. III Semester

Paper-III

Rural Development

Course Outcomes

CO. No.	Course Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO 1	Students will be able to define rural society and social structure and gain cognizance of the problems and prospects of the rural economy of India.	R and U
CO 2	Identify the various dimensions of rural economy and analyze its impact on rural development and also evaluate the relevance of prevalent policy measures and suggest workable solutions for development of rural infrastructure.	R and An
CO 3	Review the philosophy and approaches of rural development in India and evaluate government programs and policies and its impact on rural development	U and App
CO 4	Review and analyze rural credit policies and their problems and understand the functioning of rural local self-government (PRIs) and the role and impact of decentralized governance in planning and development of rural area.	R and U
CO 5	Evaluate and assess rural developmental policies and their problems in Madhya Pradesh and review the state government's programs and strategies for development of rural infrastructure in in the state.	R and An

Credit and Marking Scheme

	Credits	Marks		Total Marks
		Internal	External	
Theory	5	10	40	50
Practical	-	-	-	-
Total	5			



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Evaluation Scheme

	Marks	
	Internal	External
Theory	1 Internal Exams of 10 Marks (During the Semester)	1 External Exams (At the End of Semester)

Content of the Course

No. of Lectures (in hours per week): 4.5 Hrs. per week

Total No. of Lectures: 56.25 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 40

Units	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Nature of Rural Economy, Concept and Feature of Rural Development, Causes of Rural Backwardness in India, Importance of Rural Development for Indian Economy, Relationship of Rural Development with Industrial Development and Service Sector.	15
II	Dimensions of Rural Development: Agriculture, Irrigation, Electrification and Power Supply, Rural Road, Health, Education, Banking in Rural Areas, Sanitation, Safe Drinking Water, Productivity Level theory.	15
III	Institutions for Rural Development: National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), Panchayati Raj Institutions, Co-operative Banks, Commercial Banks and Regional Rural Banks.	15
IV	Various Programme for Rural Development in India: Provision of Urban Amenities in Rural Area (PURA), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee ACT 2005 (MNREGA), Pradhan Mantri Gramin Sadak Yojana (PMGSY), Rural Housing, Swarnjayanti Gram Swarojgar Yojna (SGSY), Latest Provisions and Changes in	15
V	Rural Development in Madhya Pradesh: Madhya Pradesh Rural Livelihood Project, Madhya Pradesh Rural Road Development Authority, Mahatma Gandhi State Institute of Rural Development, Causes of Rural Backwardness in Madhya Pradesh, Other Initiative for Rural Development in Madhya Pradesh.	15



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Suggested Readings:

- “Rural Development: Principles, Policies and Management”- Katar Singh, SAGE publication, 2009.
- “Rural development: putting the last first”. R. Chambers, Harlow: Prentice Hall, (1983)
- “Rural Development of India”, V. Desai, Himalaya Publishing House, 2010